APPENDIX B: CLEAN COPY OF PENDING CLAIMS (UNOFFICIAL)

- 11. A method of treating a human subject infected with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) comprising administering to said subject an amount of a gallium composition effective to inhibit HIV replication.
- 12. The method of claim 11, wherein HIV is HIV-1.
- 13. The method of claim 11, wherein HIV is HIV-2.
- 14. The method of claim 11, wherein said gallium composition is gallium nitrate.
- 15. The method of claim 11, wherein said gallium composition is a gallium-hydroxypyrone complex.
- 16. The method of claim 11, wherein said effective amount achieves *in vivo* concentrations of about 1 to about 30 μM.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein said effective amount is about 3 to about 20 μ M.
- 18. The method of claim 11, wherein said effective amount is about 750 mg/m² given every two to three weeks.
- 19. The method of claim 11, wherein said effective amount is about 100 to about 300 mg/m² per day.
- 20. The method of claim 11, wherein said effective amount is given in a unit dose of about 200 mg to about 1000 mg.
- 21. The method of claim 11, wherein said gallium composition is administered orally.
- 22. The method of claim 21, wherein said gallium composition is in the form of a tablet.
- 23. The method of claim 21, wherein said gallium composition is in the form of a capsule.
- 24. The method of claim 11, wherein said gallium composition is administered intravenously.

25258170.1 -10-

- 25. The method of claim 11, wherein said gallium composition is sufficient to provide a blood plasma gallium concentration of 0.1 to 5.0 µg/ml.
- 26. The method of claim 11, further comprising treating said subject with a second anti-viral agent.
- 27. The method of 26, wherein said second anti-viral agent is a nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor (NRTI).
- 28. The method of claim 26, wherein said NRTI is didexoyinosine.
- 29. The method of claim 26, wherein said NRTI is dideoxycytidine.
- 30. The method of claim 26, wherein said NRTI is 5-azidothymidine.
- 31. A method of reducing virus shed from a human subject infected with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) comprising administering to said subject an amount of a gallium composition effective to inhibit HIV replication.
- 32. A method of reducing virus burden in a human subject infected with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) comprising administering to said subject an amount of a gallium composition effective to inhibit HIV replication.
- 33. A method of inhibiting loss of T cells in a human subject infected with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) comprising administering to said subject an amount of a gallium composition effective to inhibit HIV replication.
- 34. The method of claim 33, wherein the number of T cells in said subject increases following treatment with said gallium composition.
- 35. A method of inhibiting development of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome in a human subject infected with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) comprising administering to said subject an amount of a gallium composition effective to inhibit HIV replication.
- 36. A therapeutic composition comprising:

25258170.1 -11-

- (a) a gallium composition; and
- (b) a nucleoside inhibitor.
- 37. The composition of claim 36, wherein said gallium composition is gallium nitrate.
- 38. The composition of claim 36, wherein said gallium composition is a gallium-hydroxypyrone complex.
- 39. The composition of claim 36, wherein the nucleoside inhibitor is one or more of the compounds selected from the group of dideoxyinosine, dideoxycytidine and 5-azidothymidine.
- 40. A kit comprising, in suitable container means:
 - (a) a gallium composition; and
 - (b) a nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor.